

Interventions and Graduated Response

At Bradwell Junior School, we believe all children deserve high-quality teaching and that approaches to teaching which support pupils with Special Educational Need and Disabilities (SEND) support all children to learn effectively. As such, we operate a graduated approach enabling all pupils to receive high quality teaching based on their individual needs. This graduated approach is split into three Waves.

Wave 3

Highly individualised package of support for pupils with significant and complex needs often with input from external agencies.

Wave 2

Specific, time-limited interventions to accelerate progress of children to reach age-appropriate expectations, often in small groups of similar needs and occasionally one-to-one. Children are likely to be on the school register for SEND and have a Support Plan in place.

Wave 1

Universal, high-quality provision for all pupils that is ordinarily available in the classroom to remove barriers to learning including scaffolds such as visual prompts or specialist equipment, explicit instruction and engaging teaching practices.

It takes a united team to deliver the graduated approach effectively with everyone sure of their roles and responsibilities within this process.

SENDCo – co-ordinates and monitors provision, supporting teachers and teaching assistants to work together, liaising with external agencies, completing formal paperwork for EHCPs and referrals, scheduling termly reviews of support plans.

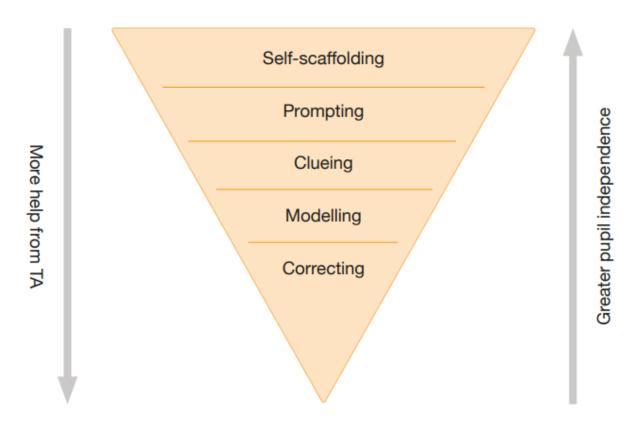
Teachers – delivering high quality wave 1 provision in the classroom, devising support plans (setting, monitoring and reviewing targets), selecting appropriate interventions with support from the SENDCo if necessary, incorporating targets/strategies from interventions within lessons wherever possible, ensuring progress of all pupils, working in partnership with teaching tssistants.

Teaching Assistants – working in partnership with teachers, scaffolding learning in the classroom, delivering interventions under the direction of the teacher, communicating progress of children.

With everyone playing their part in the graduated approach the removal of barriers to learning and accelerated progress can happen for all pupils, not only those with SEND.

Special Educational Needs and Disabilities are categorised under four broad areas of need, identified within the SEND Code of Practice. These are Cognition and Learning (**CL**); Communication and Interaction (**CI**); Social, Emotion and Mental Health (**SEMH**); and, Sensory and Physical (**SP**).

All four of these broad areas are considered by teachers when planning lessons to ensure high quality wave 1 provision within the classroom. Teaching assistants are used within lessons to assist with wave 1 provision. They effectively support in the scaffolding of learning whilst being mindful to encourage independence in pupils. It can be very easy for children to become over-reliant on support from adults in the classroom. Using the EEF self-scaffolding model, teachers and TAs can identify how independently pupils are working.



This self-scaffolding model can also be applied when TAs are delivering wave 2 provision through targeted, time-limited interventions additional to what is already provided in wave 1. For a small number of pupils this might also include further adaptations within the classroom.

There are a wide range of interventions available for use in school which can be used selectively by teachers based on the needs of the children. Teachers work in partnership with teaching assistants, parents, pupils and the SENDCo to establish support plans using these interventions, regularly reviewing progress towards targets and embedding them within classroom practice so skills are not learnt in isolation. Teachers have ultimate responsibility for the progress of all pupils in their class: all teachers are teachers of SEND.

Wave 3 support is much more specialised with external agencies such as educational psychologists, speech and language therapists, CAMHS or occupational health support involved and will often involve children who have, or are working towards securing, an education and health care plan (EHCP). Children will have access to all wave 1 and wave 2 provision alongside a more bespoke package of support.

Here is a table of the provision available at Bradwell Junior School. Please be aware that provision may change based on the needs of the pupils and further staff training.

| | Wave 1 | Wave 2 | Wave 3 |
|---------------------------|---|--|----------------------------|
| | Promoting inclusion in the | Additional to most | Personalised interventions |
| | classroom | students | |
| Cognition and | Reward systems | Now/Next or taskboards | Full time 1:1 support - |
| Learning | | | allowing pupils to access |
| | Use of controlled choices | Little Wandle Rapid Catch | mainstream school |
| Including: | to allow children to take | Up | supporting self-care, |
| Specific Learning | ownership of behaviour | | emotional regulation and |
| Difficulties such as | and learning | Reading comprehension | accessibility |
| dyslexia, dyscalculia, | | targeted intervention | |
| dyspraxia | Additional adult support | Handwriting/fine meter | Differentiated curriculum |
| | during whole class and | Handwriting/fine motor control sessions targeted | based around support |
| | focus tasks to develop independence in learning | intervention | from outside agencies |
| | and embed key concepts | THE VEHICION | 1:1 TA led activities in |
| | through scaffolding | Maths groups – to embed | literacy and maths based |
| | techniques. | key concepts including | on personalised learning – |
| | tooriiiques. | times tables recall, | use of Birmingham Toolkit, |
| | Breakdown and revisit of | number bonds, problem | Numicon and SNIP, Little |
| | instructions and routines | solving techniques | Wandle SEND programme |
| | | | |
| | Visual support on whole | Targeted home learning to | Personalised learning |
| | class and individual level | support classroom | targets developed with |
| | | interventions | external agencies |
| | Supported recording - | Marie a decrease | |
| | white boards/ipads | Writing groups – | Little Wandle SEND |
| | Planned movement | developing composition, spelling and grammar | programme |
| | breaks. | Spetting and graninal | |
| | broaks. | Individual Workstations | |
| | Scaffolds including word | | |
| | banks, sentence frames, | Pre-Learning/Over- | |
| | WAGOLLS, checklists, | learning/Word Aware | |
| | times tables grids, base | programme | |
| | 10, counters, place value | | |
| | grids, grapheme charts for | Alternative recording | |
| | all (try to spell it 3 times | methods – word | |
| | and choose best option) | processing etc voice to text (dictate function) | |
| | Challing and mathe home | text (dictate fullction) | |
| | Spelling and maths home | Use of Seeing Al app | |
| | learning | 2.30 t. 200mg/ ii app | |
| | Size of font | IDL programme | |
| | | | |
| | Non-white paper/ | Birmingham Toolkit | |
| | backgrounds on board | Coloured average from | |
| | | Coloured overlays for | |
| | Knowledge organisers | reading | |
| | Regular retrieval practice | | |
| | - Same Part Process | | |
| | Paired talk | | |
| | Flevible groupings with | | |
| | Flexible groupings with role models | | |
| | TOTO MODULO | | |
| | Cold-calling/no hands up | | |
| | | | |

| | Wave 1 | Wave 2 | Wave 3 |
|---|--|--|---|
| | Promoting inclusion in the classroom | Additional to most students | Personalised interventions |
| Communication | Visual supports in class | Now/Next or taskboards | Turn taking activities to |
| and Interaction Including: | for whole class and individuals (including visual timetable, word | with visuals Lego Therapy | encourage social interaction |
| Autism | banks with pictures, check lists)– widget online Modelled sentences | Social Stories Little Wandle Rapid | Targeted work from SALT Communication Plan |
| | during whole class learning sessions including rephrasing answers and encouraging | Word Aware Programme | |
| | full grammatically accurate sentences (verbally and written) | Now/next or taskboards Active listening | |
| | Word banks/grapheme charts Clear, explicit instructions – sequenced and rehearsed together Time to process instructions Controlled choices Paired talk Flexible groups with role | programme | |
| | models | | |
| SEMH (Social, Emotional and Mental Health) Including: ADHD, PDA | Zones of Regulation Sensory resources – fidget toys, ear defenders, wobble cushions, chairbands etc Quiet area within classroom Flexible seating Controlled choices Responsibility within the classroom Visual timetable Forest School/Outdoor learning | Well-being/Positive play sessions Targeted Zones of Regulation intervention Lego Therapy End of day reflection time Social Stories to model positive behaviour Nurture/Sensory Room access Adaptions to classroom – safe space, sensory resources, | Meet and Greet Social Stories – under advice from external agencies Feelings Check in 1-1 support during lunchtimes/playtimes Named emotionally available adult Positive Handling Plan |

| | Wave 1 | Wave 2 | Wave 3 |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|
| | Promoting inclusion in the classroom | Additional to most students | Personalised interventions |
| | Predictable routines (prewarning when planned changes are to happen) Flexible groupings with role models Paired talk followed by no hands up Ethos where asking for help is ok All staff committed to a safe and secure environment | Additional access to outdoors – gardening/playground | |
| Sensory or Physical Need | Seating spots, wiggle cushions, shoulder weights, ear defenders to allow adult support and sensory input to help engagement Movement breaks Use of physical apparatus Standing desk Size of font Non-white paper/backgrounds on board Pencil grips Appropriate noise levels maintained | Timetabled movement breaks Sensory circuits Placement in the classroom environment Fine motor skills Gross motor skills | Support plan from Occupational Therapy Support plan from Physiotherapist |

Wave 2 Provision

Most interventions should run for a period of 6 to 10 weeks followed by a review. At the end of the specified timeframe the targets should be reviewed and progress measured. The aim of an intervention is to accelerate progress and children should not be placed on an intervention with the same target indefinitely. If they haven't met their target at the end of the timeframe, either the target or intervention needs to change.

Teachers also need to carefully consider when the interventions take place to ensure children are not withdrawn from lessons for extended periods as all pupils are entitled to a broad and balanced curriculum.

More detail about the purpose and duration of specific interventions can be found below.

| Area of Need | Intervention | Purpose | Duration | How delivered |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| CL | IDL | To support spelling and reading skills for pupils with dyslexic traits in a whole word style. Spelling/word recognition Support for children with dyslexic traits | 10 weeks 3 x weekly (10 mins) | Child |
| CL | Little Wandle Rapid Catch up | Phonics catch up programme for children who have not yet mastered phase 5 phonemes | Dependent on assessment approx. 14 weeks | TA delivered following scheme. Followed up by Teacher in class |
| CL | Comprehension | Reading comprehension group aimed at developing fluency, understanding of vocabulary and how to answer comprehension questions. | 6 weeks | Planned by Teacher. Delivered by TA |
| CL | Spelling Group | Using grapheme mats from Little Wandle and Jane Considine Spelling Book from previous years depending on need. | 6 weeks | Planned by Teacher. Delivered by TA |
| CL | Times table Group | Securing times tables from previous years (hit the button or timestables.co.uk) Year 3 (2, 5, 10) Year 4 (3, 4, 8) Year 5/6 (6, 7, 9, 11, 12) | 6 weeks 3 x week (10 mins) | Child |
| CL | Maths Group | Reasoning and problem-solving skills – developing maths resilience to understand word problems and lateral thinking. | 6 weeks | Planned by Teacher. Delivered by TA |
| CL | Birmingham Toolkit | Writing or Maths intervention based on individual assessment to secure progress against NC objectives. | 6 weeks | Assessed by teacher, delivered by teacher and TA |
| CL/SP | Fine Motor/ Handwriting | Intervention to build grip and pencil control – use of letterjoin scheme both printed and online as well as fine motor control activities such as tracing, lacing, sewing, threading activities, picking up small objects with tweezers, cutting techniques to build strength in hands. | 6 weeks | Delivered by TA or provided as a task by teacher as appropriate during the day |
| CL/CI | Word Aware | Vocabulary development – focusing on key vocabulary for a topic generated by teacher. | 6 weeks | Planned by Teacher. Delivered by TA |
| CI | Lego Therapy | Turn taking, listening skills, expressive language, | 6 weeks | Delivered by TA. Teacher observes progress in class |
| CI | Expressive Language | Sentence formulation, grammatical structures, | 6 weeks | Planned teacher/TA |

| | | | | delivered by TA |
|------|------------------|---|-------------|--------------------|
| CI | Active Listening | Listening to and following instructions in | 6 weeks | Delivered by |
| | Programme | practical tasks. Repeating verbal | | TA using |
| | | instructions/numbers/letters back | | scheme |
| CI/ | Social Stories | Using stories to discuss social conventions, | 6 weeks | Delivered by |
| SEMH | | emotional responses and interactions | | TA |
| SEMH | Positive | Responsive to need to develop self-esteem/ | 6 weeks | Delivered by |
| | Play/Well-being | resilience, provide opportunity to discuss | Drop- in as | TA |
| | drop in | anxieties and practice strategies to help | required | |
| | | manage emotions | | |
| SEMH | Zones of | Identifying feelings/emotions and methods for | 6 weeks | Delivered by |
| | Regulation | managing them either small group or 1-1 | | TA following |
| | | depending on need | | scheme |
| SP | Gross Motor | Balancing activities, bending and stretching | 6 weeks | Delivered by |
| | Skills | exercises, core strengthening | | TA |
| SP | Sensory | In development | | |
| | Circuits | | | |

Wave 3 Interventions

| Area of Need | Intervention | Purpose | Duration | How delivered |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------|--|
| CL | Little Wandle SEND programme | Phonics programme for children who are unable to keep up with the pace of Rapid Catch-up and support the development of reading using phonics. | As needed | TA using scheme – followed up with teacher |
| CL | SNIP | Precision teaching of High Frequency Words (both reading and spelling) for dyslexic pupils | As needed | TA |